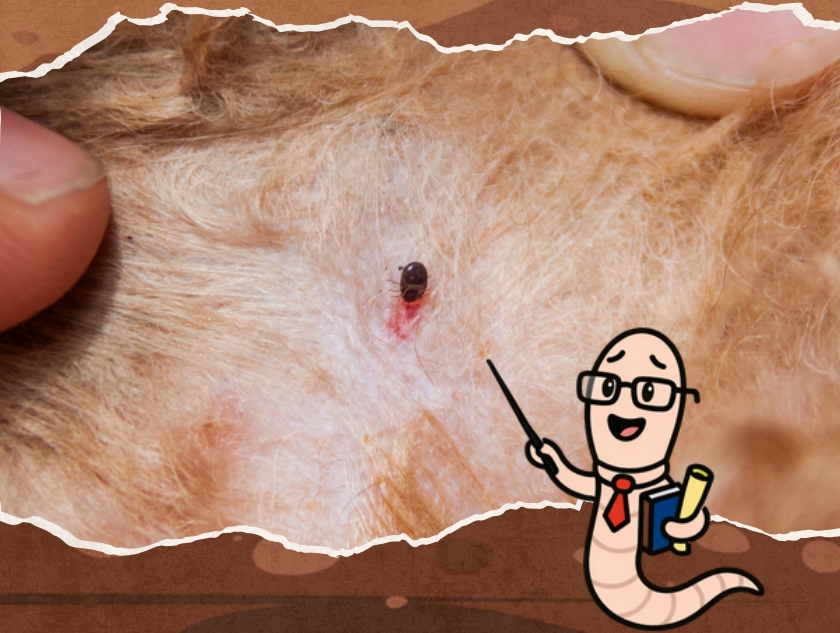




STRIJTVEEN
WAGENAAR



MANUAL

NEMATODES AGAINST TICKS & FLEAS

THIS IS HOW YOU RECOGNIZE TICKS AND FLEAS

HOW TO RECOGNIZE TICKS AND FLEAS

Ticks and fleas live close to the ground, among grass, leaves, and other organic material. They can attach themselves to people or pets.

HOW TO RECOGNIZE THE NUISANCE

- ✓ Ticks or fleas on pets
- ✓ Bites or itching after a visit to the garden
- ✓ Many ticks in tall grass or bushes
- ✓ Fleas jumping out of the grass or between leaves

CHECK IF YOU ARE SUFFERING

Walk through the grass with a white sock or cloth. Do you see small dark insects jumping up or ticks attaching themselves? Then you probably have a tick or flea infestation.

WHERE ARE TICKS AND FLEAS?

Ticks and fleas are mainly found in damp, sheltered places such as tall grass, under bushes, between leaves, and along fences or hedges.



BEFORE YOU BEGIN

MOISTEN THE BOTTOM

Water the soil a few hours before treatment. The soil should feel moist, but not waterlogged.

CHECK THE GROUND TEMPERATURE

Nematodes against ticks and fleas work from a soil temperature of 12 °C. Check the current soil temperature before you start.

CHOOSE THE RIGHT MOMENT

Preferably treat in the evening or in cloudy weather. This way, the nematodes dry out less quickly and can move through the soil more easily.

TREAT THE RIGHT SPOTS

Especially treat areas where pets often go, such as grass, borders, under bushes, and other sheltered, damp places.

EXPECTATION

The first results are usually visible after 2 to 3 weeks. In case of severe infestation, a second treatment may be necessary.



STEP 1: MIX THE NEMATODES

Mix the entire contents of the sachet with 1 liter of lukewarm water. Stir the mixture well and let it stand for about 15 minutes. Then stir again and rinse the empty sachet with a little water so that no nematodes remain.

STEP 2: DILUTE THE MIXTURE

Use 1 liter of water per m² of lawn.

10 m² = 10 liter water

25 m² = 25 liter water

50 m² = 50 liter water

100 m² = 100 liter water

Stir regularly during distribution so that the nematodes remain evenly distributed.



STEP 3: DISTRIBUTE THE NEMATODES

Distribute the mixture evenly over the surface to be treated. Pay extra attention to areas where pets often lie or walk, such as grass, borders, under shrubs, and along fences.

Rinse the treated soil with water so that the nematodes penetrate the soil well.

STEP 4: KEEP THE SOIL MOIST

Keep the treated soil slightly moist for 5 to 7 days. The soil does not need to be soaking wet, but it must not dry out either.

Do you still see many ticks or fleas after 2 to 3 weeks? Then a second treatment may be necessary.



WHY TICKS AND FLEAS CAUSE A NUISANCE

THEY HIDE CLOSE TO THE GROUND

Ticks and fleas love damp, sheltered places. They are often found in grass, between leaves, under bushes, and along garden edges.

PETS ARE AT EXTRA RISK

Dogs and cats easily come into contact with ticks and fleas while playing or walking in the garden.

REGULAR CHECKING PAYS OFF

Check your garden and your pets regularly. The sooner you discover ticks and fleas, the easier it is to prevent a larger infestation.



HOW DO NEMATODES WORK?

STEP 1: LOOKING FOR TICKS AND FLEAS

Nematodes move through the moist soil and search for ticks and fleas on and just below the soil surface.

STEP 2: PENETRATE AND DISABLE

They penetrate the tick or flea through natural openings and eliminate it from the inside.

STEP 3: FURTHER DISTRIBUTION

After being inactivated, the nematodes continue searching for other ticks and fleas in the treated soil.

STEP 4: WHAT YOU NOTICE

Ticks and fleas become less active, causing the nuisance to gradually decrease. You usually see a clear difference after 2 to 3 weeks.



LIFE CYCLE OF TICKS AND FLEAS

SPRING

As soon as the temperature rises, ticks and fleas become active again and go in search of a host.

SPRING & SUMMER

Activity increases sharply during warm periods. Ticks and fleas reproduce faster and spread more easily.

This is often the best time to treat.

AUTUMN

Ticks and fleas can still be active in the autumn, especially in mild and humid weather.

WINTER

Activity decreases at low temperatures. However, during mild winters, ticks and fleas can remain active.



PREVENT NEW TICKS AND FLEAS

MOW THE GRASS REGULARLY

Keep the grass short. Ticks and fleas feel less comfortable in a dry, open environment.

REMOVE LEAVES AND GARDEN WASTE

Clear away leaves, branches, and other organic material. This creates fewer damp hiding places.

CHECK YOUR PETS

Check dogs and cats regularly for ticks and fleas, especially after a visit to the garden or a walk.

KEEP CHECKING

Check the treated areas regularly, especially in spring, summer, and autumn. This way, you will detect a new infestation in time.



FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHEN WILL I SEE RESULTS?

You usually see a clear difference after 2 to 3 weeks. In case of severe infestation, a second treatment may be necessary.

DO I NEED TO TREAT MY PET TOO?

Yes. Nematodes only combat ticks and fleas in the garden. Therefore, also treat your pet with a suitable product against ticks and fleas (so not with nematodes).

DO I NEED TO TREAT THE WHOLE GARDEN?

Treat especially the areas where pets often go, such as grass, borders, under bushes, and other sheltered spots.

DO EELS ALSO WORK INDOORS?

No. These nematodes are intended for use in the garden. A different approach is needed for indoor infestations.

